

LIGHTWEIGHT CRYPTOGRAPHY FOR SECURITY IN IOT DEVICES

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Abstract - Over the last few years there has been vast development in IOT technology. this technology made people life style much easy and interesting through various innovations by finding solution to day to day problems. today's scenario of security development is widely more protectable and important in daily life style. In IOT applications, security plays important role because data that has transferred is always become secure if any of the unauthorized access getting in it, they can affected personal injury as well as damage of security development.

Index Terms – IOT, lightweight, cryptography and Sensor

1. INTRODUCTION

Entire business world is connected to security. The supply and need of the market in the various country has drastically increased over the last few year and it is very important to provide customers with best security. In the future, large amount of lightweight devices going to be connected with each other. It is important to secure entire system in order to ensure to be relied on as truthful. Cryptography is well-developed, secure information and communication technique derived from stimulated concept and set-up of rule based calculation called algorithms. Transformation of messages will be in various ways, so that it is hard enough to decipher. These algorithms are used for verification to protect data privacy, web browsing on the internet without any risk, secret communications such as credit card transactions, email etc. Latest estimation in IOT, devices are connected in cloud platform. i.e many of industrial Iot applications. Thus, the insurance of privacy and data protection is struggling at the moment to be solved.

Generally, IOT devices targeted to simple data processing. i.e mobile apps, void control devices, smart TV sets etc. therefore, capacities are often small. Internal system allocated with less amounts of battery, Random access memory (RAM), low rates of data etc. Because of this reason IOT devices are unable to allocate considerable memory and processing energy just for security allocation. that is when introducing lightweight cryptography. This version expects to execute which has less amount of computational complexity giving high robustness against security attacks meanwhile.

The evolution of cloud computing over the years is very uncommon. There are certain things to cloud data for extending cryptography. Cryptography now becomes a huge part of IT department. Various day-to-day activities are carried on it for security purpose. The benefits of cloud computing are being realized by more companies and organizations every day as it is very much secure. Cloud computing gives the clients a virtual computing infrastructure on which they can store data and run many applications. But the main motive of cloud computing is that stored the secure messages of clients. There are many other approaches to extending cryptography to cloud data. Many companies choose this system to encrypt data prior to uploading it to the cloud altogether.

2. MOTIVATION

Necessity is the mother of invention. This led to vast development in the field of technology. Many innovative ideas and inventions had resulted in the advancement of human lifestyle. Things now look much easier than before and this

process is going on. When it comes to cryptography there is been development but still there are many complications. without cryptography data will be hacked by anywhere, it is difficult to find the hackers and searching exact location of it. The cryptography can expose critical infrastructure to weak and easy and it is mainly for weak and hidden cryptography. Public main attention to exposed data leads to brand erosion to customers. This new modern environment requires organizations to pay attention to know how cryptography is being implemented and managed throughout the whole enterprises. This motivated us to work on the innovative IOT based cryptography which helps client to find the data easily and don't need to think about data protection.

3. LITERATURE REVIEW

Purposes[1] the primary focus was to examine the importance and uses of lightweight cryptography in security of IOT devices. Now, a days, the majority of humans are increasingly to secure the data on the online platform because it consumed less time and less memory as it is itself named as lightweight cryptography as the peoples data hack easily so the encrypt the message and to overcome this problem, we introduced the lightweight cryptography in IOT devices for assuming it will help the people very much to keep their data secure. thus, this literature reaches were performed using webpages. A lightweight cryptography based on the internet of things (IOT) was presented, which includes ultrasonic sensors, ESP32 micro controller and a LCD screen & a keyboard and a webpage. wireless connection is required for an sensors following that the ESP32 will connect so, after the connection the messages will display on LCD screen automatically. To achieve confidentiality, the data and nodes are encrypted throughly, traditional cryptographic primitives are not directly applicable to IOT devices as it involves very poor resources. Lightweight cryptography should be applied efficient encryption in IOT. lightweight symmetric and asymmetric algorithm should be design for IOT systems. In the future, in IOT data security and authentication is big concerns so number of technique are proposed in which hybrid models of encryption and authentication algorithms are made but this cause increase in the memory requirement on the devices. As a result, the proposed model is more competitive than alternatives[2].

Author proposes that the survey with a goal of finding the best suitable solution for IOT security. It is very difficult to find one clear approach which will fit all kinds of application of IOT. So, we all know that the various kinds of devices are connected in IOT networks. Some devices can afford to have a heavyweight and a high security method, but most of the devices are resource constrained. They need a security solution which acts fast and mainly it need to less complex and versatile[3].

Author proposes that the cloud based IOT architecture is a structure which is used for specification of networks physical components its different performance principle and procedures. As the data will secure by the help of cloud server. the cloud server or we can say IOT it has different layers which face many attacks like active and passive

6. RESULT

The desired is to give security to the user by this application. The user should have the keys with them to encrypt/decrypt the message. If they have the keys with them then they can set password which is correct or incorrect password after that user have to login in the application by the E-mail id/phone number and then the user have to type the message and then the hashing function will have the message and then encrypted by the private key is better than the encryption of the whole message because hash are small in size and also efficiency is not affected. And the data will be more secure and there is no type of risk in it.



Figure 7 :Register Login Page

6.CONCLUSION

Internet of Things has been rapidly finding a path through our modern-day life and is aiming to improve the quality of life by connecting us with many smart devices, technologies, and applications. Due to the drastic growth in the number of IoT device in various domains mainly in communication purpose, IoT security is one of the main concerns. For resource-constrained IoT devices, lightweight cryptography is an effective way to secure communication by transforming the data. Conclusively, this paper wraps up with data for hardware/software for a particular application.

The concept of lightweight cryptography was introduced to overcome the challenge. Lightweight cryptographic function are still emerging to deliver precise privacy and data protection via accurate encryption and decryption models for the benefits of users. In this paper we discussed about the different architectures, security, privacy issues and lightweight solutions that can be taken to solve them.

7. FUTURE SCOPE

This application is mostly automated, the final part of clients privacy of various algorithms. This can be replaced by AES algorithm by giving best security. Now it's tough to implement considering manipulation of data system. But when its application get launched on a large scale it can be achieved. Lightweight cryptography have excellent main security challenges have reduced the size of implementation while keeping the decreasing range as good as possible. In the close future interested in the details performance of lightweight cryptography. And by searching bestest security it would be very helpful for users. This will help the user to secure data with a lightweight.

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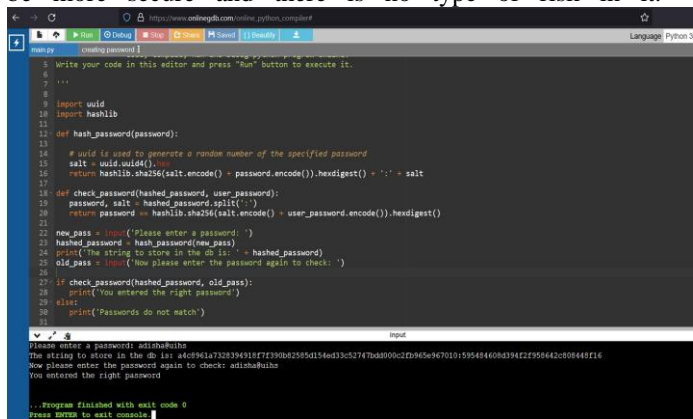


Figure 4:Correct password

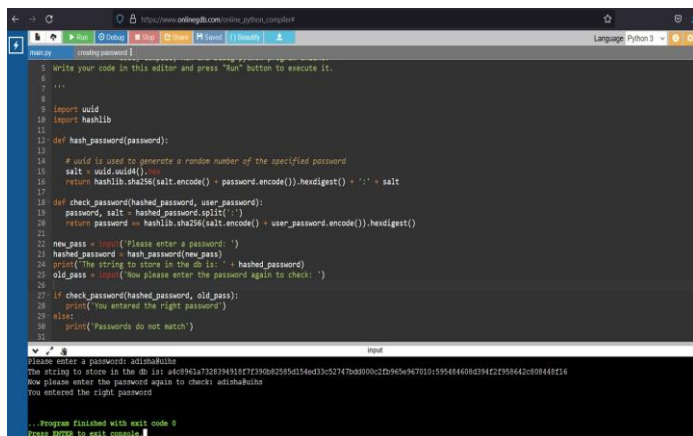


Figure 5:Incorrect password



Figure 6 : Login Page

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